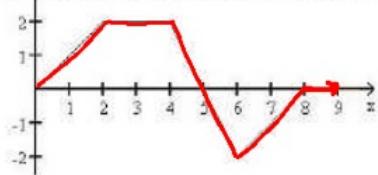


In each situation below, the graph given is the graph of the velocity function

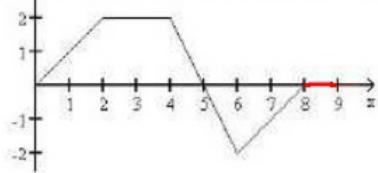
a) Determine when the particle is moving forward and moving backward



$$\begin{aligned}v(t) > 0 \\ \text{above } x\text{-axis} \\ (0, 5)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}v(t) < 0 \\ \text{below } x\text{-axis} \\ (5, 8)\end{aligned}$$

b) Determine when the acceleration of the particle is positive, negative, and zero.  $(v'(t)=0) \rightarrow (2, 4) \cup (8, 9)$

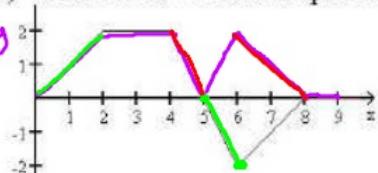


$$\begin{aligned}\text{pos slope} &\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{neg slope} \\ a(t) > 0 \\ v'(t) > 0 \end{array} \right. \\ a(t) < 0 & \\ v'(t) < 0 & \\ (0, 2) & \left. \begin{array}{l} (4, 6) \\ (6, 8) \end{array} \right.\end{aligned}$$

c) Determine when the particle is at its greatest speed.

$$[2, 4] \text{ and } t=6$$

d) Determine when the speed is increasing.



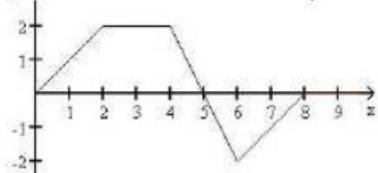
$$|v(t)| \text{ pos slope}$$

$$(0, 2) \cup (5, 6)$$

away from  $x$ -axis

$$\begin{aligned}v(t) > 0 & \quad a(t) > 0 \\ v(t) < 0 & \quad a(t) < 0\end{aligned}$$

e) Determine when the speed is decreasing.

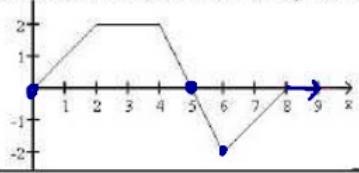


$$(4, 5) \cup (6, 8)$$

toward  $x$ -axis

speed decreasing when  $v(t)$  and  $a(t)$  have opp signs

f) Determine when the particle is standing still.



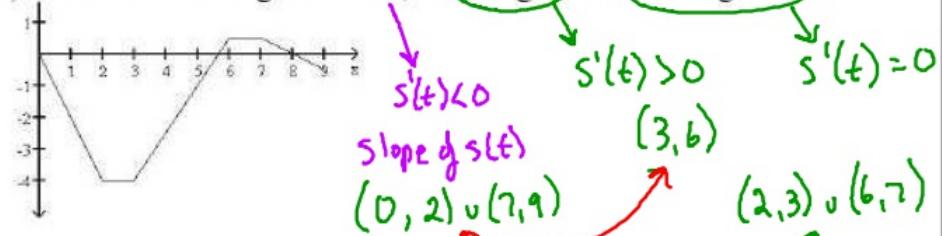
$$v(t) = 0$$

$$t=0, 5.$$

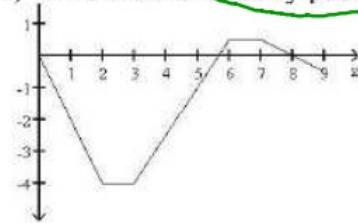
$$(8, 9)$$

In each situation below, the graph given is the graph of the position function

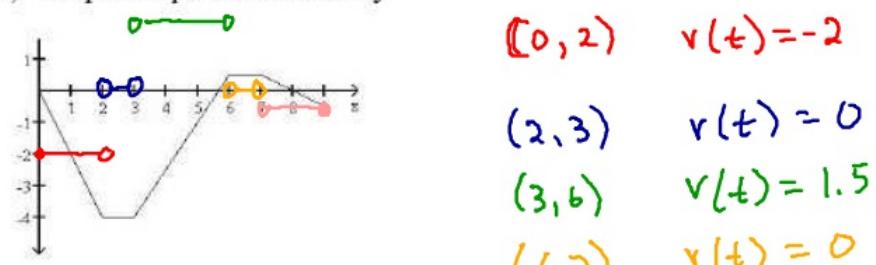
a) When is P moving to the left, to the right and standing still?



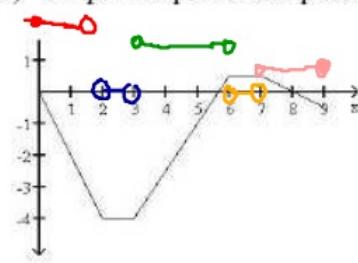
b) When is the velocity positive, negative and zero?



c) Graph the particles velocity



d) Graph the particles speed



Particle Motion Summary Given the Velocity $v(t)$ graph		
Determine when the particle	Justify/Explain/Give a reason	Where to look on the velocity graph
Forward/Up/Right	$v(t) > 0$	Above the x-axis
Backward/Down/Left	$v(t) < 0$	Below the x-axis
Stopped/At rest	$v(t) = 0$	Touches x-axis
Changes Direction	$v(t) = 0$ and $v(t)$ changes sign	Crosses x-axis
Acceleration Positive	$v'(t) > 0$	Positive slope/Increasing
Acceleration Negative	$v'(t) < 0$	Negative slope/Decreasing
Acceleration Zero	$v'(t) = 0$	Zero slope/Constant
Acceleration Undefined	$v'(t)$ undefined	Corners/Cusps/Vertical Tangents
Speed increasing Speeding up	$v(t)$ and $a(t)$ have the same sign	Graph moving away from the x-axis
Speed decreasing	$v(t)$ and $a(t)$ have opposite signs	Graph moving toward the x-axis
Greatest Speed	$ v(t) $ is the greatest	When graph is furthest away from the x-axis in either direction